

5 11.

(REVISED COURSE)

(3 Hours)

FR-1096

[ Total Marks : 100

N.B. All questions are compulsory.

(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. Answer in **one** or **two** sentences : 20
- What do you mean by "contract for service"?
  - Write two types of Civil wrong?
  - What was the name of newspaper which was published by Lokmanaya Tilak?
  - What is the aim of consumer protection act 1986?
  - What is a Writ of Habeas Corpus?
  - What does Article 14 of the Indian Constitution guarantees?
  - What are the issues in Shah Bano Begum Case?
  - What do you mean by "Contract of Service"?
  - Explain "Writ of Mandamus"?
  - What is the Ratio-decendi of the Supreme Court in Minarva Mills Ltd VS Union of India AIR 1980 Supreme Court 1789?

2 Write Short Notes on any 4 :- 20

- Attorney General VS Independent Broadcasting Authority (1973) Q.B. 629.
- Rules of Natural Justice
- 'Medical Service' under the Consumer Protection Act 1986
- Difference between Common Law and Equity
- Effect of Gouriet case (1978) AC 434.
- Write two rules of Interpretation of Statutes

3 Answer any Two ; 12

- Ritesh bought a laptop for Rs 65000/- from a dealer in Bangalore. The laptop was delivered in Mumbai. On delivery, it was found that the Laptop did not have features mentioned in the offer
  - Can Ritesh file a complaint under the Consumer Protection Act against the dealer?
  - What is the Territorial Jurisdiction of the District Forum?
- Neelam – A Brahman girl got married to Rohan a Schedule Caste boy. Neelam applied for admission for PG level studies and asked for reservation.
  - Will Neelam get reservation in PG level studies?
  - What would have been the position if she would have been from a schedule-caste family?
- A person named Raghu was illegally detained
  - What remedy Raghu has against this arrest?
  - Which fundamental right of Raghu has been violated?

4. Answer any Four :

- a) Write an essay on "Uniform Civil Code"
  - b) What is the difference between "Contract for Service" and "Contract of Service"?
  - c) Discuss the trial of Bal Gangadhar Tilak under S. 214A and 153A of I.P.C.?
  - d) Discuss the trial of Water Rowland.
  - e) Discuss the case of Indira Sawhney VS Union of India (AIR 1993 SC 477).
  - f) Describe the basic structure of the Constitution with special reference to Keshavanand Bharti case (AIR 1973 SC 1461)?
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- N.B.** (1) All questions are compulsory.  
(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

**Q. 1.] Answer in one or two sentence :** 20

- 1) What is writ of mandamus?
- 2) What do you mean by "Secularism"?
- 3) Name of the writs mention under the Indian Constitution?
- 4) What was upheld in Kesavananda Bharti's Case?
- 5) What is Bigamy?
- 6) Which fundamental right is enshrined in Article 15?
- 7) Name two types of Civil wrong?
- 8) What do you mean by "Contract of Service"?
- 9) What is the difference between writ of certiorari and writ of prohibition?
- 10) What is the object of Article 44 of Constitution of India?

**Q.2.] Write Short notes on any four :** 20

- a) Locus standi
- b) "Complaint" under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986
- c) Attorney General VS Independent Broadcasting Authority (1973) Q.B629
- d) Right of Equality under Article 14 of the Constitution of India
- e) Trial of Tilak
- f) Write important rules of the Interpretation of Statute?

Q.3. ] Answer any two :

12

- a) Suraj was illegally detained and beaten by Manoj , Police Inspector
- i) Explain with respect to the particular writ given in the constitution
  - ii) Who can apply for a remedy and under which Article can be apply
- b) A Private Company constructed a motel on a forest land on a lease granted to him by the State Govt. The lease was granted for commercial purpose to the Private Company. There was a river flowing in the forest. The natural flow of the river was interfered with so that the water could be used in the motel.
- i) Does the Private Company has the right to change the course of the river explain
  - ii) On which land mark case the above cited case is based – explain
- c) Om Prakash bought a computer for Rs. 62000/- from a dealer in Delhi. The computer was delivered at Mumbai. On delivery it was found that the computer did not have the features mentioned in the offer.
- i) Can Om Prakash file a complaint under consumer protection Act against the dealer
  - ii) What is the territorial jurisdiction of the District Forum

Q. 4. Answer Any Four :

48

- 1) The Judgement of the Supreme Court in Minerva Mills Ltd. Vs Union of India A.I.R. 1980 S.C. 1789 replenished the faith of those who understand the Supreme Courts role as the watching of the constitution – discuss.
  - 2) Discuss the trial of Walter Rowland in the light statement that this is the greatest injustice which has ever happened in an English court.
  - 3) Write an essay on Uniform Civil Code.
  - 4) Discuss the trial of Bal Gangadhar Tilak under S. <sup>124</sup>214 A and 153 a of I.P.C.?
  - 5) Who is a consumer? Discuss consumers with respect to various kinds of services
  - 6) Discuss the role of judiciary in the enforcement of rights through public interest litigation and social action litigation.
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20

1. ANSWER IN NOT MORE THAN TWO SENTENCES :

- a. What is Uniform Civil Code?
- b. What is a Trial?
- c. Who is a Consumer?
- d. What is ratio decidendi?
- e. State any two rights of consumers.
- f. What is appropriate laboratory?
- g. Write the literal rule of interpretation
- h. What were the two main issues in S.P.Gupta Vs Union Of India?
- i. Four pillars of Constitution as given in the preamble.
- j. What is Quo-warranto?

20

2. SHORT NOTES (Any Four)

- a. Trail Of Mahatma Gandhi
- b. Lord Denning's view on Contract Law
- c. Contract of Service and Contract for Service
- d. P.V. Narshimharao Vs Union Of India
- e. Difference between Fundamental rights and Directive principles
- f. Locus Standi

12

3. Situational questions ( SOLVE any Two)

- A. A prisoner was beaten up in the police custody. He sustained serious injuries. The prisoner wants to take action against the police officials and seeks your advice.
  - I. What advice would you give him to get justice?
  - II. What is the view of Supreme Court on giving compensation in cases of custodial violence?
  - III. Write the names of two cases on rights of prisoners.
- B. In 1975, Emergency was declared in the country. Many people were arrested and lodged in the jail. They filed a writ against the illegal arrest.
  - I. Which writ should be filed in the above case?
  - II. What was the view of Supreme Court regarding suspension of fundamental rights during emergency in the above case.
  - III. Name the Case law.
- C. Sulekha went to a beauty parlour for a haircut and hair coloring. The color used was not a good quality product and it damaged Sulekha's hair. Sulekha is very disturbed. Help Sulekha.
  - I. Advice her on the rights which she should assertively used?
  - II. Which forum she should submit her application?
  - III Write the importance of Consumer Education.

4. Long Answers (Any Four)

- a) "Uniform Civil Code should be enacted and implemented with immediate effect." Elaborate with the help of case laws.
- b) "Judicial Activism of Supreme Court has been really effective for the under-privileged disadvantaged people." Comment with the help of case laws.
- c) Trial of Bal Gangadhar Tilak.
- d) The Consumer Disputes Redressal agencies as given under Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
- e) Evaluate the reservation provisions under Part III (fundamental rights) of the Constitution with the help of case laws.

4

SEM IV 543  
BLS  
LLB

Legal writing &  
Legal Language

24-11-2017

\*

NM-7865

Con. 7944-12.

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 100

**N.B. :** (1) All questions are **compulsory**.  
(2) **Figures** to the **right** indicate **full marks**.

**1. Answer in one or two sentences:**

20

- a. What do you mean by "Secularism"?
- b. What do you mean by the term "Complaint" under Consumer Protection Act 1986?
- c. What Fundamental right is guaranteed under Article 21?
- d. What was upheld in Kesavananda Bharti's Case?
- e. What does Article 14 States?
- f. What is the object of Article 44 of Constitution of India?
- g. What is the difference between writ of certiorari and writ of prohibition?
- h. What do you mean by "Contract of Service"?
- i. What were the names of Articles published in young India newspaper for which Mahatma Gandhi was arrested?
- j. What was upheld in ADM Jabalpur Vs Shivakant Shukla AIR 1976 SC 120

**2. Write Short Notes on any 4 :-**

20

1. Locus Standi
2. Gouriet's Case
3. Interpretation of Statutes
4. Right of Equality under Article 14 of the Constitution of India
5. P.V. Narsimha Rao Vs State AIR 1998 SC 2120
6. Difference between Common Law and Equity.

[TURN OVER

3. Answer any Two :

12

1. Rohit was illegally detained & beaten by Suresh, Police Inspector
  - i) Explain which writ of the Constitution is applicable in the above situation
  - ii) Who can apply for a remedy and under which Article can be apply
2. Dinesh bought a Refrigerator from a dealer in Hyderabad. The Refrigerator was delivered at Delhi. On delivery it was found that the Refrigerator did not have the features mentioned in the offer.
  - i) Can Dinesh file a complaint under Consumer Protection Act against the dealer
  - ii) What is a territorial jurisdiction of the district forum
3. A Private Company constructed a motel on a forest land on a lease granted to him by the State Govt. The lease was granted for commercial purpose to the Private Company, There was a river flowing in the forest. The natural flow of the river was interfered with so that the water could be used in the motel.
  - i) Does the Private Company has the right to change the course of the river explain.
  - ii) On which land mark case the above cited case is based - explain.

4. Answer any Four :

48

1. Discuss the trial of Walter Rowland
  2. Write an essay on Uniform Civil Code.
  3. Discuss the role of judiciary in the enforcement of fundamental rights through Public Interest Litigation and Social Action Litigation.
  4. Who is a consumer? Discuss consumers with respect to various kinds of services
  5. The Judgment of the Supreme Court in Minerva Mills Ltd. Vs Union of India A.I.R. 1980 S.C. 1789 replenished the faith of those who understand the Supreme Courts role as the watching of the constitution – discuss.
  6. Discuss the provisions relating with Reservation under Constitution of India with the helps of the views expressed by the Supreme Court in various cases.
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SUB : Legal Writings  
Legal Language  
SEM : II 5th BLS LB

30/04/2013

ws-Con-2013-1  
Con. 6996-13.

(3 Hours)

NG-9342  
[Total Marks : 100

Question no 1. Answer in one/two sentences

Marks 20

- a. What is Locus Standi?
- b. What were the issues in P.V. Narsimharao Case?
- c. Write the names of the articles written by Bal Gangadhar Tilak.
- d. What is deficiency in service?
- e. What is habeas corpus?
- f. What are reservation provisions for SC And STs as given in part III of the Constitution?
- g. What is Caveat Emptor?
- h. What is Secularism?
- i. What is bigamy?
- j. What is the aim of Consumer Protection Act, 1986?

Question No 2. Short Notes (Any four)

Marks 20

- a. Attorney General Vs Independent Broadcasting Authority(1973) Q.B. 629
- b. Trial of walter rowland.
- c. Interpretation of Statutes.
- d. A.D.M. Jabalpur vs Shivkant Shukla.
- e. Contract Of service and Contract for service.
- f. Lord Denning's View on Contract Law.

Question no 3. Situational Questions

(Any Two)

Marks 12

- a. A muslim women was divorced by her husband. She does not have any job as she is not much educated . She cannot handle the financial burden after her divorce.
  - 1. What are the provisions for the protection of divorced muslim women?
  - 2. Discuss the importance of Uniform Civil Code..
- b. Anita goes to the beauty parlour for a haircut. She asks the beautician to give a good hair cut but also instructs her to retain the length. The beautician reduces the length of Anita's hair almost to the half of original length.
  - 1.What are the rights of Anita in the above given situation?
  - 2.Discuss the importance of Consumer Education in today's time?
- c. Madan is married to Mangala. Madan belongs to other backward class and Mangala is a Brahmin. Post marriage Mangala wants to work in a govt organisation and hence she claims through the reserved seats meant for other backward class candidates.
  - 1. Does law permit Mangala to claim as an obc candidate?
  - 2. Give two provisions of Mandal commission case in relation to other backward classes

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Question No. 4. Long Answers.

Any Four

Marks 48

- a. Discuss the various issues in S.P. Gupta and others Vs Union of India.
  - b. Discuss the views of Nani Palkhivala with reference to "Attacks on the Constitution during emergency," as given in the book "We the people".
  - c. Trial of Mahatma Gandhi.
  - d. Explain the importance of Reservation in the upliftment of SCs and STs in India.
  - e. What is a Consumer Forum ? Write in detail about the various Consumer Dispute Redressal Councils.
  - f. What is a Public Interest Litigation? Elaborate with the help of case laws the importance of PIL in a common man's life.
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1. Answer in not more than **two** sentences.

- (a) Write the literal rule of interpretation.
- (b) What is ratio decidendi ?
- (c) What is appropriate laboratory ?
- (d) Write the four pillars of constitution as given in preamble.
- (e) What is Mandamus ?
- (f) What is defect ?
- (g) Write the names of the newspapers which published Gandhiji's articles.
- (h) What is bigamy ?
- (i) What is a fundamental right ?
- (j) Write two important issues in P. V. Narsimharao Vs Union of India.

2. Short notes (any **four**) :—

- ~~(a)~~ Trial of Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- (b) S. P. Gupta Vs Union of India
- ~~(c)~~ Gouriet's Case
- (d) Contract of Service and Contract for service
- ~~(e)~~ Lord Denning's view on contract law
- ~~(f)~~ Locus Standi.

3. Situational Questions (any **two**) :—

- (a) Walter Rowland was charged with the offence of killing Olive Balchin. The court found him Guilty and he was punished with death sentence.
  - (1) What was the defence of Walter Rowland in the above case.
  - (2) Who was David John Ware and What is his role in the above case.
- (b) Malnourishment amongst the poor in slums is a problem which needs urgent attention. The poor illiterate people are not aware about their rights.
  - (1) As a student of law what you can do to address this issue ?
  - (2) What provisions are there in the constitution on the above issue.
- (c) In 1975, emergency was declared in the country, Many people were arrested and lodged in the jail. They filed a writ against the illegal arrest.
  - (1) Which writ should be filed in the above case.
  - (2) What was the view of Supreme Court in the above case.
  - (3) Name the case law.

4. Answer any four :—

- (a) "Judicial Activism of Supreme Court has been really effective for the disadvantaged people" Comment with the help of case laws.
- (b) "Uniform civil code should be enacted and implemented with immediate effect." Elaborate with the help of case laws.
- (c) Discuss Keshavanand Bharati case with special emphasis on Basic Structure Theory.
- (d) Evaluate the reservation provisions with the help of case laws and explain its significance in Indian Senario.
- (e) Write in detail the importance of Consumer disputes redressal agencies and their effectiveness in helping the consumer to get appropriate relief.
- (f) Comment on :—
  - (1) Blackburn Case
  - (2) Indian Medical Association Vs V. P. Shantha.

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- N.B. : (1) All questions are compulsory.  
(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

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1. Answer in **one or two sentences**. 20
- Define defect (under the consumer protection Act 1986)?
  - What is Habeas corpus ?
  - Why the trial of Tilak was transferred from Pune to Bombay ?
  - Who is consumer ?
  - What is a fundamental right ?
  - Name two rules of interpretation of statute ?
  - Name the two newspapers which published Tilak's articles.
  - What is the Ratio-decidenti ?
  - What are the issues in the Shah Bano Begum case ?
  - What does Articles 15 of the constitution of India guarantee.
2. Write short notes on **any four** :— 20
- 'Medical Service' under the consumer protection Act, 1986.
  - Difference between directive principles and fundamental rights.
  - Blackburn vs Attorney General.
  - Trial of Bal Gangadhar Tilak.
  - Important rules of interpretation of statutes.
  - Public Interest Litigation.
3. Attempt **any two** from the following :— 12
- Suresh met with an accident and was taken to a Government Hospital for treatment. After completing the formalities he was taken to the operation theatre for surgery. Suresh died before the operation due to lapse of time on completing the formalities.
    - Can Suresh's parents file a complaint under the consumer protection Act ?
    - Would it be different if Suresh was admitted to a private hospital ?
  - In a terrorist attack a few security personnel were killed, It was reported in a section of the press that the main reason of the death was the sub standard quality of the bullet proof Jacket provided to the security personal.
    - Can the court take suo-moto cognisance of the matter and investigate ?
    - Can a public interest litigation be filed against the government authority buying the bullet proof jackets?

TURN OVER

- (c) In 1975, emergency was declared in the country many people were arrested and lodged in the jail. They filed a writ against the illegal arrest.
- (i) Which write should be filed in the above case ?
  - (ii) What was the view of supreme court regarding suspension of fundamental rights during emergency in the above case.
  - (iii) Name the case Law.

4. Long Answer (any four) :—

48

- (a) Evaluate the reservation provisions under part III (fundamental) of the constitution with the help of case law.
- (b) The consumer Disputes Redressal agencies as given under consumer protection Act 1986.
- (c) What is a public interest litigation ? Elaborate with the help of case laws the importance of PIL in a common man's life.
- (d) Discuss the Trial of walter Rowland.
- (e) What is the status of women in Indian Society ? Discuss giving relevant legal provisions.
- (f) Basic features of the constitution can not be amended. Discuss with help of case laws.

QP Code : 13121

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 100]

- N.B.: (1) All questions are compulsory.  
 (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. Answer in one or two sentences :—

20

- Name two rules of interpretation of statute ?
- Write the two differences between civil and criminal courts ?
- What do you mean by "Secularism" ?
- What do you mean by the term 'complaint' under consumer protection Act 1986 ?
- What is the object of Article 44 of constitution of India ?
- What power does article 124 of Indian constitution assign to the President ?
- Write the literal rule of Interpretation.
- What is Quo-warranto ?
- What is Bigamy ?
- Write the names of the articles written by Bal Gangadhar Tilak.

2. Write short notes on (any two) :—

20

- Attorney general V/s independent Broadcasting Authority (1973) Q.B - 629.
- Contract of service and contract for service.
- Locus standi.
- Lord Denning's view on contract law.
- Rules of natural justice.
- Trial of Bal Gangadhar Tilak.

3. Answer any two :—

12

- In 1975, emergency was declared in the country. Many people were arrested and lodged in the jail. They filed a writ against the illegal arrest.
  - Which writ should be filed in the above case.
  - What was the view of Supreme Court regarding suspension of fundamental rights during emergency in the above case.
  - Name the case law.
- Prakash resides in Bandra west and he is studying in MBA second year. Since last 10 days the garbage in their area is piling up which is resulting in foul smell. Many people have fallen sick because of this problem. Despite repeated request municipal is not paying attention and citing lack of funds as the reason.
  - What are the various rights that are violated in the above case ?
  - As a student of law what advice will you give to Prakash ?

[TURN OVER

- (c) Suresh has observed large scale illegal construction of slums on government land on which a flyover is to be constructed.
- (i) Can Suresh file a public Interest litigation in this matter ? Explain.
  - (ii) Against whom will the PIL Lie ?

4. Answer any **four** :—

48

- (a) Discuss the Trial of walter Rowland.
  - (b) What is the status of women in Indian society and politics ? Discuss giving relevant legal provisions.
  - (c) Write in detail the importance of consumer disputes redressal agencies and their effectiveness in helping the consumer to get appropriate relief.
  - (d) Discuss the view of Nani Palkhiwala with reference to "Attacks on the constitution during emergency" as given in the book "we the people".
  - (e) Trial of Mahatma Gandhi.
  - (f) What is a Public Interest litigation ? Elaborate with the help of case laws the importance of PIL in a common man's life.
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sem II

Legal Language &

3rd Nov

2015

1st yr BLS

Legal Writing

QP Code : 23590

(3 Hours)

[ Total Marks : 100

- N.B. (1) All questions are compulsory.  
(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. Answer in one or two sentence:- 20
- What does preamble of the Indian constitution declares?
  - What is the aim of consumer protection Act 1986?
  - What is the provision of maintainance U/S 125 of Cr.p.c.?
  - What do you mean by "Caveat Emptor"?
  - What do you mean by "Writ of Mandamus"?
  - What is ratio-decidenti?
  - Write two important issues in P.V. Norsimha Rao vs Union of Inida.
  - Name the two nespapers which published Tilak's articles?
  - What is applicability of the special Marriage Act, 1954?
  - What is 'Defect' under the consumer protection Act 1986?
2. Write Short Notes on any Four:- 20
- Blackburn vs Attorney General 1971, 1 WLR 1037.
  - Right of equalily under Article 14 of the constitution of India.
  - Trial of Bal Gangodhar Tilak.
  - Rules of Natural Justice.
  - Write two rules of Interpretation of Statutes.
  - Difference between common low and Equity.
3. Attempt any two from the following:- 12
- Sanjeev met with an accident and was taken to Government hospital for treatment. After completing the formalities he was taken to the operation theatre for surgery. Sanjeev died before the operation due to lapse of time in completing the formalities.
    - Can Sanjeev's parents file a complaint under the consumer protection Act?
    - Would it be different if Sanjeev was admitted to a private hospital?

[ TURN OVER

SQ-Con. 3303-15.



- b) In a terrorist attack a few security personnel were killed. It was reported in a section of the press that the main reason of the death was the substandard quality of the Bullet proof Jackets provided to the security personnel.
- Can the court take Suo motto cognisance of the matter and investigate?
  - Can a public interest litigation be filed against the government authority buying the bullet proof Jackets?
- c) Rekha went to a beauty parlour for a hair cut and hair coloring. The colour used was not a good quality product and it damaged Rekha's hair. Rekha is very disturbed. Help Rekha.
- Advice her on the rights which she should assertively used?
  - Which forum she should submit her application.
  - Write the importance of consumer education.

4. Answer Any Four:-

48

- Define medical service under the consumer Protection Act, 1986. Elaborate the various rights of the consumers with the help of land mark judgement.
  - Trial of Mahatma Gandhi.
  - What is the significance of uniform civil code in India in the present day? Write you suggestions for a strong uniform civil code?
  - Discuss the provisions relating with Reseryation under constitution of India with the help of the views expressed by the Supreme Court in Various Cases.
  - Basic features of the contitutions can not be amended. Discuss with help of case laws.
  - What is difference between, "Contract for Service" and "Contract of Service" Give examples.
-

- b) In a terrorist attack a few security personnel were killed. It was reported in a section of the press that the main reason of the death was the substandard quality of the Bullet proof Jackets provided to the security personnel.
- Can the court take Suo motto cognisance of the matter and investigate?
  - Can a public interest litigation be filed against the government authority buying the bullet proof Jackets?
- c) Rekha went to a beauty parlour for a hair cut and hair coloring. The colour used was not a good quality product and it damaged Rekha's hair. Rekha is very disturbed. Help Rekha.
- Advice her on the rights which she should assertively used?
  - Which forum she should submit her application.
  - Write the importance of consumer education.

4. Answer Any Four:-

48

- Define medical service under the consumer Protection Act, 1986. Elaborate the various rights of the consumers with the help of land mark judgement.
  - Trial of Mahatma Gandhi.
  - What is the significance of uniform civil code in India in the present day? Write you suggestions for a strong uniform civil code?
  - Discuss the provisions relating with Reservation under constitution of India with the help of the views expressed by the Supreme Court in Various Cases.
  - Basic features of the contitutions can not be amended. Discuss with help of case laws.
  - What is difference between, "Contract for Service" and "Contract of Service" Give examples.
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QP Code : 302402

(3 Hours)

[ Total Marks : 100

- N.B. : (1) All questions are **compulsory**  
 (2) Figures to the **right** indicate **maximum** marks.

1. Answer in **one** or **two** sentences-

20

- What is Ratio- Decidendi?
- What were the issues in Indira Sawhney's case?
- What do you understand by the term Appropriate Laboratory?
- Give two landmark cases related to consumer rights?
- What do you mean by 'Caveat Emptor'?
- What is applicability of the special marriage Act, 1954?
- Write two important issues in P.V. Narsimha Rao vs Union of India.
- What does preamble of the Indian Constitution declares?
- Name the two news papers which published Tilak's articles?
- What is the aim of consume protection Act, 1986?

2. Write short notes (any **four**)

20

- Trial of Bal Gangadhar Tilak.
- Rules of Natural Justice.
- Difference between common law and equity.
- Write two rules of Interpretation of statues.
- Consumer movement in India.
- Difference between directive principles and fundamental right.

3. Answer any **two** of the following :-

12

- Rakesh met with an accident and was taken to Government hospital for treatment. After completing the formalities he was taken to the operation theatre for surgery. Rakesh died before the operation due to lapse of time in completing the formalities.
  - Can Rakesh's parents file a complaint under the Consumer protection Act 1986?
  - Would it be different if Rakesh was admitted to a private hospital?
- A person named Mohan was illegally detained.
  - What remedy Mohan has against this arrest?
  - Which fundamental right of Mohan has been violated?
- Meena a Brahmin girl got married to Arjun a schedule caste boy. Meena applied for admission for P.G. level Studies and asked for reservation.

[ TURN OVER ]

- (i) Will Meena get reservation in P.G. level studies?  
(ii) What would have been the position if she would have been from a schedule caste family?

4. Answer any four

- (a) Discuss the Trail of Walter Rowland.  
(b) Discuss Keshvanand Bharti case with special emphasis on Basic Structure theory.  
(c) The Consumer Disputes Redressal agencies as given under consumer Protection Act, 1986.  
(d) What is the difference between "Contract for Service" and "Contract of Service" Give examples.  
(e) Judicial activities of Supreme Court in entertaining Public Interest Litigations.  
(f) What is the status of women in Indian Society and Politics? Discuss giving relevant legal provisions.

MUPDI16035ASMITA COLLEGE OF LAW, VIKHROLI (E) 5/6/2016 10:00:37 AM

## Legal writing &amp; Legal Language.

16/12/2016

(3 Hours)

[ Total Marks : 100

- N.B. :** (1) All questions are **compulsory**.  
 (2) **Figures** to the **right** indicate **full marks**.  
 (3) Support your answers with relevant case laws

1. Answer in **one** or **two** sentences:-

20

- What is secularism?
- What is writ of Habeas corpus?
- Who is consumer under the consumer protection Act 1986?
- Name the two newspaper which published Tilak's articles.
- Write the two differences between Civil and Criminal courts?
- What is "Locus Standi"?
- What is "Caveat emptor"?
- What were the issues in Shah Bano Begum case?
- What does Article 14 of the Indian constitution guarantees?
- Write the Literal rule of Interpretation?

2. Write short notes (any **four**):-

- Lord Denning's view on contract law.
- Mandal Commission Report.
- Applicability of the special marriage Act 1954
- Difference between common law and equity.
- Attorney General vs Independent Broadcasting Authority (1973) Q.B. 629.
- Rules of Natural Justice.

3. Answer any **two** of the following:-

12

- Salman is a mechanical engineer. He purchased a washing machine which was defective. He tried to repair the machine but could not succeed.
  - Define Defect as per the consumer protection Act, 1986.
  - What are the remedies available for Salman in the above situation
- In 1975, emergency was declared in the country, many people were arrested and lodged in the Jail They filed a writ against the illegal arrest.
  - Which writ should be filed in the above case.
  - What was the view of supreme court in the above case.
  - Name the case law.

[Turn over

- (c) Walter Rowland was charged with the offence of killing Olive Balchin. The court found him guilty and he was punished with death sentence.
- (i) What was the defence of Walter Rowland in the above case ?
  - (ii) Who was David John Ware and what is his role in the above case?

4. Answer any four:-

48

- (a) Define medical service under The Consumer Protection Act, 1986. Elaborate the various rights of the consumers with the help of landmark judgments.
  - (b) Basic features of the constitution can not be amended. Discuss with help of case laws.
  - (c) Discuss the views of Nani Palkhiwala with reference to "Attacks on the constitution during emergency" as given in the book "We the people".
  - (d) What is a Public Interest Litigation? Elaborate with the help of case laws the importance of PIL in a common man's life.
  - (e) Write an essay on "Uniform Civil Code".
  - (f) Trial of Bal Gangadhar Tilak.
- 

[Turn over

**Q.P. Code :18407**

**[Time: Three Hours]**

**[Marks:100]**

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B:
1. All Questions are compulsory.
  2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

**Q.1 Answer in not more than 2 sentences**

1. Define Defect under Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
2. Write any two issues of P.V. Narshimharao Vs. CBI Case
3. What is a Writ?
4. Who was David John Ware? What was he suffering from?
5. Write the names of newspapers edited by Bal Gangadhar Tilak.
6. Name two rules of interpretation of statutes.
7. What is a Precedent?
8. What do you mean by "Caveat Emptor"?
9. What is Secularism?
10. What were the issues in Shah Bano Begam case?

20

**Q.2 Write short notes on any four**

1. Growth of Consumerism in India
2. Rules of Natural Justice.
3. Difference between Directive Principles and Fundamental Rights
4. Lord Denning's view on Contract Law.
5. Trial of Mahatma Gandhi.
6. S. P. Gupta Vs. Union of India.

20

**Q.3 Answer any two of the following**

1. During Emergency many people were arrested without any notice under preventive detention laws. The arrest of these people were challenged in various High Courts.
  - a. Which writ should be filed in the above case?
  - b. What was the view of Supreme Court in the above case about Right to Life and personal liberty?
  - c. Name of the case Law.
2. Rajendra belongs to OBC category and is an employee of the Central Government and married to Manisha a Brahmin girl who is also a class one officer in central government. They want to apply for the UPSC exam as both wish to become IAS officers.
  - a. Can Manisha apply in the OBC category?
  - b. What is Creamy layer?
3. Manorama a hindu girl and Micheal a Christian boy are planning to get married in coming December. They are seeking advice of a lawyer on this issue.
  - a. Under which Act the marriage between Manorama and Micheal will be governed?
  - b. Write the importance of this Act in today's modern time.

12

48

**Q.4 Answer any four**

1. Write an essay on "Uniform Civil Court".
2. Who is a consumer? What is the difference between "Contract for Service" and "Contract of Service"?
3. Discuss the trial of Walter Rowland.
4. Describe the basic structure of the constitution with special reference to Keshvananda Bharti Case (AIR 1973 SC 1461).
5. Give your opinion on the use and abuse of Public Interest Litigation with the help relevant judgement.
6. Indian Medical Association Vs. V.P.Shanta (1995) 6 SSC 651.

BLS  
Sem - II

Q.P. Code :18535

[Time: Three Hours]

[Marks:100]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

Q.1 Answer in not more than two sentences.

1. Who was the editor of young India?
2. Define defect.
3. Who is a public servant?
4. What is Caveat Emptor?
5. Who was Lord Denning? From which country?
6. What do you understand by common law?
7. What is secularism?
8. Four pillars of the constitution as given in Preamble.
9. Write any two issues of the Shah Banu Begum Case.
10. Who was David John Ware?

20

Q.2 Short Notes (Any Four)

1. Locus standi
2. S.P. Gupta Vs UOI
3. Contract of service & contract for service
4. Medical service under Consumer Protection Act, 1986
5. P.V.Narsimharao Vs CBI
6. Gauriet's Case

20

Q.3 Answer Any Two.

1. Rita Joseph a christian girl is engaged to a hindu boy Mohan Shah. They plan to marry in coming December 2017.
  - a) Under which Act their marriage will be governed?
  - b) Is it compulsory to register marriages? Give reasons.

12



Q.P. Code :18535

2. A convict was not released from the jail after his term for imprisonment was over. He was released only after 14 years after the jail term when it was brought to the notice of supreme court
  - a) Which writ can be issued in the above case for the release of prisoner?
  - b) What is free legal aid?
  
3. Anuradha is a law student. One day she expresses her anger about illegal parkings on the side of the roads by writing on her blog. But it did not bring her way desired results. So she decided to take recourse to legal action in the court.
  - a) Is Anuradha entitled to file a petition? Give reasons.
  - b) Which writ can be filed in the above case & under which provisions?

Q.4 Answer Any Four.

48

1. Write an essay on uniform civil code with the help of landmark S.C.Judgements.
2. Discuss Walter Rawland trial.
3. Explain Judicial Activism of supreme court in the light of landmark Judgements.
4. What is National Emergency? Discuss in the light of A.D.M Jabalpur Vs Shivkant Shukla Case.
5. What do you understand by "Reservation in Public Employment" Discuss with the help of constitutional provisions and supreme court judgements?
6. Who is a consumer? Explain the concepts of consumerism and consumer Rights.

6/6/2018

# Legal Language & Legal Writing

## BLS sem - II

Q.P. Code : 27197

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Marks: 100]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B: 1. All questions are compulsory

2. Attempt all questions.

3. Figures to the right indicate marks.

Q.1 Answer in one or two sentences

- What is a Writ?
- Who was Shankerlal Banker?
- What is Bigamy?
- Write two issues of Sarla Mudgal Case?
- Who was David John Ware? What was he suffering from?
- Four pillars of the Constitution as laid down in the Preamble?
- What is Ratio-Decidendi?
- What were the charges framed against Mahatma Gandhi?
- Write the Literal rule of Interpretation.
- What do you mean by Caveat Emptor?

20

Q.2 Short Notes. (Any Four)

- Trial of Walter Rowland.
- Gauriet's Case
- Difference between Common Law and Equity
- Contract of Service and Contract for service
- Locus Standi
- P.V.Narsimharao vs state

20

Q.3 Situational Problems (Any Two)

1) Manoj got married to her friend Saniya under the Special Marriage Act. Manoj was already married to Mahika. Initially Mahika was not aware about the marriage between Manoj and Saniya but got to know about it through a friend. Mahika wants the marriage between her and Manoj to continue.

- What are the Rights of Mahika in the above case?
- What is the status of Marriage between Manoj and Saniya?

2) Bhumika went to a dress designer to get a bridal lehenga designed for her wedding. She paid an advance of Rs 5000/ towards the payment for the lehenga. The designer delivered the lehenga to Bhumika's home. Bhumika found the dress to be short and not upto the mark.

- Write any two Rights of Consumers.
- Write the importance of consumer education.

3) Road widening projects have been undertaken by the Municipal Corporation in the city of Mumbai. For this purpose many trees were cut down and the municipal corporation has decided to cut almost 70-80 trees in an ecologically sensitive area.

- Which writ can be filed in the above case to stop the cutting of trees?
- What will you do to save the trees in the eco-sensitive area?

12

Legal Language & Assignment 199  
II - m

Q.P. Code :27197

48

Q.4 Answer any four

- a) Write an Essay on Uniform civil Code with the help of Supreme Court judgments
- b) Discuss the trial of Bal Gangadhar Tilak.
- c) Elaborate on the Concept on Reservation to Schedule Caste and Schedule Tribes as laid down in Indian Constitution.
- d) Who is consumer? What are the various mechanisms for consumer redressal.
- e) Explain the *basic structure theory* in the light of *Kesavanand Bharti* case.
- f) Elaborate on the active role played by Supreme Court in the protection of Rights of people. Give landmark judgments to support your answer.

\*\*\*\*\*

N.B: 1. All questions are compulsory.

1. Answer in not more than two sentences.

1. What do understand by the term "Equality" as laid down in Article 14 under the constitution of India? 20
2. What is a Writ?
3. What were the charges against Walter Rowland?
4. Give two examples or instances of civil and criminal wrong?
5. Under the Constitution, which provisions guarantee the right to move the Court for enforcement of the basic fundamental rights?
6. State two rules of Interpretation of Statutes.
7. Define 'Defect' under the Consumers Protection Act, 1986?
8. What is Secularism?
9. Four pillars of Constitution as given the preamble.
10. Who is David John Ware?

2. Write short notes on (Any 4)

1. Locus Standi.
2. Rules of Natural Justice.
3. Difference between Contract for service & contract of service.
4. Lord Denning's view on Law of Contract.
5. Trial of Mahatma Gandhi.
6. Attorney General V/s Independent Broad-casting Authority (1973) Q. B. 629.

3. Answer any two of the following

1. Sujata and Sangam are engaged to each other. Sujata belongs to S.C. and Sangam belongs to general category.
  - a) After marriage can Sujata apply in Scheduled Caste category? Give reasons.
  - b) Under which law marriage in the above case can be performed.
2. Ratnesh is a diamond merchant. His clients include film actors and other famous people. People buying diamonds from Ratnesh recommended other people to buy diamonds from him. Manish also purchased diamond from him. It came to his notice that the diamonds he purchased from Ratnesh are low in quality and high on price. Manish had bought diamonds worth Rs. Two Crores. Manish is unhappy with the diamond deal and has decided to sue Ratnesh.
  - a) Can Manish get justice under The Consumer Protection Act, 1986? Give Reasons?
  - b) Which body does Manish need to apply for relief? Give reasons.

Q.P. Code : 37978

3. Lots of construction activities are undertaken by the various authorities in the city of Mumbai. It is resulting in the cutting of trees in large numbers. Recently Mumbai has been declared as one of the most polluted cities in the world.
  - a) What are the Rights relating to Environment ?
  - b) Write two landmark Supreme Court Judgments in relation to the rights relating to environment.
4. Answer any four:
  1. Discuss the role played by Supreme court in Minerva Mills Ltd. V/s. Union of India for the protection of Constitution of India.
  2. Explain Reservation under the Constitution of India with particular reference to judgments on Reservation & Mandal Commission Report?
  3. Discuss the Trial of Tilak.
  4. Discuss the role of judiciary in the enforcement of fundamental rights through Public Interest Litigation?
  5. Who is a Consumer? Where can a consumer seek relief? Give details about Jurisdiction of all such authorities.
  6. What is the significance of Uniform Civil Code in the present day? Write your suggestions for a strong Uniform Civil Code?

48

BLS sem II

(Time : 3 Hours )

(Total Marks : 100)

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B.: 1) All questions are compulsory.  
2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. Answer in not more than two sentences :

(20)

- What is the meaning of Interpretation of the Statutes?
- Name the two newspapers, which were published by Lokmanya Tilak?
- What is a fundamental right?
- Define Defect?
- Write any two cases in relation to environment?
- What is Ratio-decidenti?
- What is adoption?
- What were the issues in Shah Bano Begum's case?
- Write any two issues raised in P.V. Narsimha rao's case?
- Write the two differences between Civil and Criminal Courts?

2. Write short notes on (Any Four) :

(20)

- Rules of natural justice.
- Attorney General v/s Independent Broad casting Authority (1973) Q.B 629
- Consumer dispute redressal agencies.
- S.P. Gupta & others v/s Union of India AIR, (1982) S.C. 149.
- National Emergency
- Trial of Mahatma Gandhi

3. Attempt any two with reasoned answers :

(12)

- Ramesh and Sarita both Hindu, got married after embracing Islam. At the time of this marriage Ramesh's first wife Geeta was alive and the first marriage was not dissolved.
  - Is the marriage between Ramesh and Sarita void / illegal?
  - What are Geeta's rights against Ramesh?

- b) Coastal Road Widening projects have started in the city of Mumbai's coastal area, without obtaining any clearance certificate's from various governmental authorities. As a result, it has caused a great amount of pollution and ecological imbalance due to cutting and felling of trees.
- 1) Which writ can be filed in the above case to stop this road-widening project?
  - 2) What will you do in order to prove four locus and state which fundamental rights have been violated?
- c) Rajendra belongs to OBC category and is an employee of the Central Government and married to Manisha a Brahmin girl. Who is also a class I officer in Central Government. They want to apply for the UPSC Exam as both wish to become IAS officers.
- 1) Can Manisha apply in the OBC category?
  - 2) What is Creamy Layer?

4. Answer any **four** of the following :

(48)

- a) Give your opinion on the uses and abuses of Public Interest Litigation?
  - b) Who is a consumer? What is the difference between 'contract for service' and contract of service? Explain with respect to IMA v/s V.P. Shantha in this regard?
  - c) Discuss the trial of Walter Rowland?
  - d) Describe the basic structure of the constitution with special reference to Keshavananda Bharti case?
  - e) What is the significance of Uniform Civil Code in the present day times? Write your suggestions for a strong uniform civil code?
  - f) Explain the importance of Reservation in the upliftment of the scheduled castes and scheduled tribes in India. Elucidate your answer with the help of case laws.
-

(मराठी रुपांतर)

(वेळ : ३ तास )

(एकूण गुण : १००)

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- सूचना : १) सर्व प्रश्न अनिवार्य आहे.  
२) उजवीकडे नमुद अंक पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात.  
३) संदर्भासाठी मूळ इंग्रजी प्रश्नपत्रिका पहावी.

१. खालील प्रश्नांची प्रत्येकी दोन वाक्यात उत्तरे लिहा :

(२०)

- अ) “नियमांचे अर्थ लावणे” (Interpretation of the Statutes) म्हणजे काय ?  
ब) लोकमान्य टिळक यांनी काढलेले दोन वृत्तपत्र कोणते ?  
क) “मुलभूत अधिकार” म्हणजे काय ?  
ड) “त्रुटी” म्हणजे काय ?  
इ) पर्यावरण संबंधी कोणतेही दोन महत्त्वाचे खटले लिहा.  
फ) “रेशियो डिसीडेन्डी” म्हणजे काय ?  
ग) “दत्तक घेणे” याचा अर्थ लिहा ?  
ह) शाह बानु केसमधील महत्त्वाचे मुद्दे लिहा.  
य) पी. व्ही. नरसिंहराव या खटल्यामधील दोन महत्त्वाचे मुद्दे लिहा.  
ज) दिवाणी व फौजदारी कोर्ट यांतील फरक लिहा.

२. संक्षिप्त टिपा लिहा (कोणतेही चार) :

(२०)

- अ) नैसर्गिक न्यायाचे नियम  
ब) अॅटार्नी जनरल विरुध्द इंडिपेंडेंट ब्रॉडकास्टिंग  
क) ग्राहक वाद निवाळा संस्था  
ड) एस. पी. गुप्ता विरुध्द युनियन ऑफ इंडिया (१९८२)  
इ) राष्ट्रीय आणिवानी  
फ) महात्मा गांधी खटला

३. प्रासंगिक समस्या कारणांसहित सोडवा (कोणत्याही दोन) :

(१२)

- अ) रमेश आणि सरिता दोनही हिंदू आहेत. त्यांनी इस्लाम धर्म पत्करला व लग्न केले. लग्नाचा वेळेस रमेशची पहिली पत्नी गीता ही जिवंत आहे व पहिले लग्न अजून संपुष्टात आलेले नाही.  
१) रमेश व सरिता यांच्यामधील लग्न वैध आहे का? कारणे द्या.  
२) रमेश विरुध्द गीताचे काय अधिकार आहेत.  
ब) मुंबईच्या समुद्रकिनारपट्टी संलग्नीत समुद्रकिनारपट्टी मार्ग विस्तारीकरण योजना संबंधित सरकारी ऑफिसमधून परवानगी न घेता सुरु झालेली आहे. याचा परिणाम म्हणजे भरपूर प्रमाणात वृक्षतोड व पर्यावरण प्रदूषित झाले आणि पर्यावरणांत असमतोल निर्माण झाले.



- १) वरील संदर्भात कोणती याचिका दाखल करता येईल?
  - २) या संदर्भात जनहित याचिका कोण दाखल करू शकतो.
- क) राजेंद्र ओ.बी.सी. वर्गात मोडतो व तो केंद्र सरकार कर्मचारी आहे. त्याचे लग्न मनिषा ह्या ब्राह्मण मुलीशी झालेले आहे. दोघांना आय.ए.एस. अधिकारी व्हायचे आहे व म्हणून त्यांना यु.पी.एस.सी. ची परिक्षा द्यायची आहे.

- १) मनिषाला ओ.बी.सी. वर्गात अर्ज करता येईल का? कारणे द्या.
- २) क्रिमी लेयर म्हणजे काय?

४. सविस्तर उत्तरे लिहा (कोणतेही चार) :

- अ) जनहित याचिकांचे उपयोग व दुरुपयोग या विषयावर सविस्तर चर्चा करा.
- ब) “ग्राहक” ची व्याख्या लिहा? सेवेसाठी करार व सेवेचा करार यांच्यामधील फरक लिहा. या संदर्भात आय.एम.ए. विरुद्ध व्हि. पी. शांता चा केसच्या मदतीने चर्चा करा.
- क) बॉल्टर रोलॅंड खटला.
- ड) केशवानंद भारती केसच्या मदतीने भारतीय राज्यघटनेच्या मुलभूत पाया यावर चर्चा करा.
- इ) समान नागरी कायद्यावर सध्याची परिस्थिती लक्षात घेत चर्चा करा. आपले विचार व उपाय योजना समान नागरी कायदा याला आणखी मजबूत करेल ते लिहा.
- फ) भारतामध्ये अनुसूचित जाती व जमाती यांचा दर्जा उचलण्यासाठी आरक्षणचे महत्त्व स्पष्ट करा. सर्वोच्च न्यायालयाच्या केसेसच्या मदतीने स्पष्ट करा.

(४८)

## Paper / Subject Code: 38113 / Legal Writing &amp; Legal Language

## Legal Language and Legal Writing Sem 2

1. The term "right to choose" under the consumer protection Act, means -----
- Consumer can take free Samples of goods.
  - Consumer is offered various similar goods.
  - Consumer has to take whatever is offered.
  - Consumer has no choice.
1. ग्राहक संरक्षण कायद्यांतर्गत "निवडण्याचा अधिकार" या शब्दाचा अर्थ -----
- ग्राहक वस्तूचे मोफत नमुने घेऊ शकतात.
  - ग्राहकांना विविध समान वस्तू देऊ केल्या जातात.
  - ग्राहकाला जे काही ऑफर केले जाते ते घ्यावे लागते.
  - ग्राहकाला पर्याय नाही.
2. Who is the author of "we the people"?
- Nani Palkhiwala
  - Lord Denning
  - Jawaharlal Nehru
  - Soli Sorabjee
2. "आम्ही लोक" चे लेखक कोण आहेत?
- नानी पालखीवाला
  - लॉर्ड डेनिंग
  - जवाहरलाल नेहरू
  - सोली सोराबजी
3. The case of \_\_\_\_\_ is popularly known as Mandal Commission Case.
- Ashok kumar Gupta v/s State of U.P.
  - K.C.Vasantha Kumar v/s State of Kerala
  - Indra Sawhney v/s Union of India.
  - D S.Rangarajan v/s Jagjivanram.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ ची केस मंडल आयोग प्रकरण म्हणून प्रसिद्ध आहे.
- अशोक कुमार गुप्ता विरुद्ध यूपी राज्य
  - के.सी. वसंत कुमार विरुद्ध केरळ राज्य
  - इंद्रा साहनी विरुद्ध भारतीय संघ.

Paper / Subject Code: 38113 / Legal Writing & Legal Language

डी एस रंगराजन विरुद्ध जगजीवनराम.

4. Which of the following cases deal with atrocities on the pavement dwellers

- a. D.K. Basu v/s State of West Bengal
- b .M.C. Mehta v/s Union of India
- c .Nilabati Behra v/s State of Orissa
- d.Olga Tellis v/s Bombay Municipal Corporation

4. खालीलपैकी कोणती प्रकरणे फुटपाथवासियांवरील अत्याचाराशी संबंधित आहेत

- a डी.के. बसू विरुद्ध पश्चिम बंगाल राज्य
- b .M.C. मेहता विरुद्ध भारतीय संघ
- c .निलाबती बेहरा विरुद्ध ओरिसा राज्य
- d.Olga Tellis v/s मुंबई महानगरपालिका

5. Article 44 requires the state to secure for the citizens -----  
throughout the territory of India.

- a. Uniform Civil Code
- b. Universal Civil Code.
- c. Uniform Civil Procedure.
- d. Universal Criminal Procedure.

5.कलम 44 नुसार राज्याने नागरिकांसाठी सुरक्षित करणे आवश्यक आहे -----  
- भारताच्या संपूर्ण प्रदेशात.

- a समान नागरी संहिता
- b सार्वत्रिक नागरी संहिता.
- c समान नागरी प्रक्रिया.
- d युनिव्हर्सल क्रिमिनल प्रोसिजर.

6. Who was the Judge in Mahatma Gandhi's trial?

- a. Broomfield
- b. Alfred Thompson Denning
- c. William Blackstone
- d. Lord Wilberforce

6. महात्मा गांधींच्या खटल्यातील न्यायाधीश कोण होते?

- a ब्रूमफिल्ड
- b आल्फ्रेड थॉम्पसन डेनिंग

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- c विल्यम ब्लॅकस्टोन  
d लॉर्ड विल्बरफोर्स

7. What is Obiter Dicta?

- a. Reason for the Judgment  
b. Reason for dismissal  
c. Opinion of the judge  
d. opinion of the Amicus Curie

7. ओबिटर डिक्टा म्हणजे काय?

- a न्यायनिवाड्याचे कारण  
b डिसमिस करण्याचे कारण  
c न्यायाधीशांचे मत  
d अॅमिकस क्युरी यांचे मत

8. Write the name of the newspaper which published Gandhiji's article.

- a. Bright India  
b. Young India  
c. Truth of India  
d. Rebel of India

8. गांधीजींचा लेख प्रकाशित करणाऱ्या वृत्तपत्राचे नाव लिहा.

- a उज्वल भारत  
b तरुण भारत  
c भारताचे सत्य  
d भारताचे बंडखोर

9. Write the Literal rule of Interpretation.

- a. meaning of law to be applied as it is  
b. meaning of the law should not be applied as per the intention of parliament  
c. meaning of the law to be applied as per the situation  
d. meaning of the law to be applied as per the intention of the judge

9. व्याख्येचा शाब्दिक नियम लिहा.

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- a कायद्याचा अर्थ जसा आहे तसा लागू करावा  
 b कायद्याचा अर्थ संसदेच्या इच्छेनुसार लागू होऊ नये  
 c परिस्थितीनुसार लागू करावयाच्या कायद्याचा अर्थ  
 d न्यायाधिकांच्या इच्छेनुसार लागू करावयाच्या कायद्याचा अर्थ

10. What is Bigamy?

- a. marrying out of caste  
 b. Marrying out of religion  
 c. Marrying after divorce  
 d. Marrying again when the spouse is alive

10. बिगॅमी म्हणजे काय?

- a जातीबाहेर लग्न करणे  
 b धर्माबाहेर विवाह करणे  
 c घटस्फोटानंतर लग्न करणे  
 d जोडीदार जिवंत असताना पुन्हा लग्न करणे

11. The case in which transfer of High Court judges was the main issue \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. S. P. Gupta vs Union of India  
 b. A.D. M Jabalpur vs Shivkant Shukla  
 c. P.V.Narsimharao vs Union of India  
 d. Minerva Mills vs Union of India

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12. Secularism means \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. All religions enjoy equal status in the country  
 b. state can decide any one religion as state religion  
 c. state can decide the important religions based on the number of people following that religion

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d. All religions are not equal but people can follow any religion

12. धर्मनिरपेक्षता म्हणजे \_\_\_\_\_.

a देशात सर्व धर्मांना समान दर्जा आहे

b राज्य कोणत्याही एका धर्माला राज्यधर्म ठरवू शकते

c राज्य त्या धर्माचे पालन करणाऱ्या लोकांच्या संख्येवर आधारित महत्त्वाचे धर्म ठरवू शकते

d सर्व धर्म समान नसतात परंतु लोक कोणत्याही धर्माचे पालन करू शकतात

13. Reservation can be given on the grounds of \_\_\_\_\_.

a. Caste backwardness

b. Social and Economic backwardness

c. Religious and economic backwardness

d. regional backwardness.

13. \_\_\_\_\_ च्या आधारावर आरक्षण दिले जाऊ शकते.

a जातीचे मागासलेपण

b सामाजिक आणि आर्थिक मागासलेपण

c धार्मिक आणि आर्थिक मागासलेपण

d प्रादेशिक मागासलेपण.

14. Consumer is a person \_\_\_\_\_

a. who buys goods for his own use

b. who buys to sell and earn profit

c. who buys goods for making profit and storage

d. who buys goods for distribution

14. ग्राहक एक व्यक्ती आहे \_\_\_\_\_

a जो स्वतःच्या वापरासाठी वस्तू खरेदी करतो

b जो विकण्यासाठी आणि नफा मिळविण्यासाठी खरेदी करतो

c जो नफा आणि साठवणुकीसाठी वस्तू खरेदी करतो

d कोण वितरणासाठी वस्तू खरेदी करतो

15. \_\_\_\_\_ a defense to a criminal charge alleging that the accused was somewhere other than at the scene of the crime at the time it occurred.

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- a. amicus curie
- b. Alibi
- c. accomplice
- d. accused.

15. \_\_\_\_\_ गुन्हा घडला त्या वेळी आरोपी घटनास्थळाव्यतिरिक्त कुठेतरी होता असा आरोप करणाऱ्या फौजदारी आरोपाला बचाव.

- a अॅमिकस क्युरी
- b अलिबी
- c साथीदार
- d आरोपी

16. The newspaper published by Bal Gangadhar tilak in Marathi language was \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. Kesari
- b. Maratha
- c. Bharat
- d. Panchjanya

16. बाळ गंगाधर टिळकांनी मराठी भाषेत प्रकाशित केलेले वृत्तपत्र \_\_\_\_\_ होते.

- a केसरी
- b मराठा
- c भरत
- d पांचजन्य

17. A Brahmin woman marrying a Scheduled Caste boy is \_\_\_\_\_ for application to the government jobs in Scheduled caste category after her marriage

- a. entitled , as her caste changes after marriage
- b. allowed as per Hindu laws
- c. not entitled , as caste does not change after marriage
- d. not allowed as the khap panchayat does not permit

17. अनुसूचित जातीच्या मुलाशी लग्न करणारी ब्राह्मण स्त्री तिच्या लग्नानंतर अनुसूचित जाती श्रेणीतील सरकारी नोकरीसाठी अर्ज करण्यासाठी \_\_\_\_\_ आहे.

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- a लग्नानंतर तिची जात बदलते म्हणून हक्कदार  
 b हिंदू कायदानुसार परवानगी  
 c हक्क नाही, कारण लग्नानंतर जात बदलत नाही  
 d खाप पंचायत परवानगी देत नाही म्हणून परवानगी नाही

18. Identify the wrong option .

The defect in goods means----- in the product.

- a: fault,  
 b. imperfection  
 c. shortcoming  
 d.lack of lustre

18. चुकीचा पर्याय ओळखा.

मालातील दोष म्हणजे ----- उत्पादनात.

- a दोष  
 b अपूर्णता  
 c कमतरता  
 d. तेजचा अभाव

19. Jeremy Bentham said, "Ignorance of the ----- excuses no man except the lawyers"

- a. Law.  
 b. Equity  
 c. Justice  
 d. Judge

19. जेरेमी बेंथम म्हणाले, "----- वकिलांच्या व्यतिरिक्त कोणालाही माफ करत नाही.

- a कायदा.  
 b इक्विटी  
 c न्याय  
 d न्यायाधीश

20. The power of transfer of judges must be exercised in -----

- a. public interest  
 b. good faith  
 c by way of punishment.  
 d. promotion



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20. न्यायाधीशांच्या बदलीचा अधिकार मध्ये वापरला गेला पाहिजे

- a सार्वजनिक हित
- b चांगला विश्वास
- c शिकेच्या मार्गाने
- d जाहिरात

.Descriptive Type

Answer All Questions

1. Write a brief note on the Trail of Walter Rowland
2. Write importance of Public Interest Litigation in protection of rights of Common man
3. Write a short note on interpretation of statutes
4. Discuss the A.D.M. Jabalpur vs Shivkant Shukla Case.
5. Write the difference between Civil and criminal cases
6. Discuss the Importance of Locus Standi
7. Write a brief note on Consumer Awareness
8. Discuss Shah Banu begum case and importance of Sec 125 of Criminal Procedure Code
9. Write a comment on "Reservation is important for upliftment of Backward classes.
10. What are your views on "Common personal laws for all citizens is essential".

सर्व प्रश्नांची उत्तरे द्या

1. वॉल्टर रोलँडच्या ट्रेलवर एक संक्षिप्त टीप लिहा
2. सामान्य माणसाच्या हक्कांच्या संरक्षणासाठी जनहित याचिकांचे महत्त्व लिहा
3. कायद्याच्या स्पष्टीकरणावर एक छोटी टीप लिहा
4. A.D.M. जबलपूर विरुद्ध शिवकांत शुक्ला प्रकरणाची चर्चा करा.
5. दिवाणी आणि फौजदारी खटल्यांमधील फरक लिहा
6. लोकस स्टँडीच्या महत्त्वाची चर्चा करा
7. ग्राहक जागरूकता वर एक संक्षिप्त टीप लिहा
8. शाह बानो बेगम प्रकरण आणि फौजदारी प्रक्रिया संहितेच्या कलम 125 चे महत्त्व यावर चर्चा करा
9. "मागासवर्गीयांच्या उत्थानासाठी आरक्षण महत्त्वाचे आहे" यावर टिप्पणी लिहा.
10. "सर्व नागरिकांसाठी कॉमन वैयक्तिक कायदे आवश्यक आहेत" यावर तुमची मते काय आहेत

QP: 10843

[Time: 2 Hours]

Marks: 60]

- N.B.: 1. All questions are compulsory.  
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 Answer any 6 of the following in one or two sentences. (12 Marks)

1. Define 'consumer' under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
2. What were the issues involved in P V Narsimha Rao case?
3. Who was Shankerlal Banker? What were the charges against him?
4. Who was Olive Balchin? Who killed her?
5. What is S. 125 of Criminal Procedure Code, 1973?
6. Give any two advantages of public interest litigation.
7. What do you mean by 'judicial activism'.
8. What is Sedition?
9. What is the meaning of 'Noscitur a sociis'?
10. What is the meaning of common law?

Q.2 Write Short notes on any 2 of the following. (12 Marks)

1. Indian Medical Association v/s. V. P. Shantha
2. Trial of Mahatma Gandhi
3. Trial of Tilak
4. Mohamed Ahmed Khan v/s. Shah Bano Begum and others

Q.3 Answer any 2 of the following situational questions with reasons. (12 Marks)

1. Vinay got admitted to a private hospital under severe medical condition. During the treatment, he died. The family members of Vinay wish to file a case against the hospital for medical negligence which led to his death.
  - a. Can the family members of Vinay file a case against the hospital under Consumer Protection Act? Explain.
  - b. Explain the applicability of Consumer Protect Act on hospitals.
2. A Hindu husband divorced his wife who was uneducated and totally dependent on the husband for her sustenance.
  - a. Can the wife claim maintenance from her husband? Explain.
  - b. If she was a Muslim wife, could she claim maintenance? Explain the provision which allows her to claim the maintenance.
3. Ramesh was married in 2015 to Radha as per Hindu rites. In 2021, he marries Meera without divorcing Radha.
  - a. What action can Radha take against Ramesh?
  - b. Is the second marriage of Ramesh valid? Explain the reason by citing relevant case law.

QP: 10843

4. A chemical factory is emitting foul gases from its chimney in violation of the rules. The residents around the factory are affected by the foul smell. Many complaints were made but to no effect. Mr. Gupta files a petition in the High Court against the factory owner.
- What kind of petition in this case will be maintainable against the owner of the factory? Explain why.
  - Explain any one landmark judgement on public interest litigation.

Q.4 Answer any two of the following.

(24 Marks)

- Write an essay on Uniform Civil Code and cite relevant judgements.
  - Define 'service'. Explain the difference between contract of service and contract for service.
  - Discuss the trial of Walter Rowland.
  - Discuss the basic structure theory with special reference to Keshavanand Bharti case.
-

QP: 10843

मराठी अनुवाद

वेळ: २ तास

गुण: ६०

प्र.१. खालीलपैकी कोणत्याही ६ ची उत्तरे एक किंवा दोन वाक्यात द्या.

(१२ गुण)

१. ग्राहक संरक्षण कायदा, १९८६ अंतर्गत 'ग्राहक' ची व्याख्या करा.
२. पी व्ही नरसिंह राव प्रकरणात कोणते मुद्दे होते?
३. शंकरलाल बनकर कोण होते? त्याच्यावर काय आरोप होते?
४. ऑलिव्ह बालचिन कोण होते? तिला कोणी मारलं?
५. फौजदारी प्रक्रिया संहिता, १९७३ चे S. १२५ काय आहे?
६. जनहित याचिकेचे कोणतेही दोन फायदे सांगा.
७. 'न्यायिक सक्रियता' म्हणजे काय?
८. देशद्रोह म्हणजे काय?
९. 'नोसिटर ए सोसाइ' चा अर्थ काय आहे?
१०. सामान्य कायद्याचा अर्थ काय आहे?

प्र.२. टिपा लिहा. (कोणत्याही २)

(१२ गुण)

१. इंडियन मेडिकल असोसिएशन वि. व्ही.पी. शांता
२. महात्मा गांधींचा खटला
३. टिळकांचा खटला
४. मोहम्मद अहमद खान वि. शाह बानो बेगम आणि इतर

प्र.३. खालीलपैकी कोणत्याही २ परिस्थितीजन्य प्रश्नांची कारणांसह उत्तरे द्या.

(१२ गुण)

१. विनयला गंभीर आजाराने खाजगी रुग्णालयात दाखल करण्यात आले. उपचारादरम्यान त्यांचा मृत्यू झाला. वैद्यकीय निष्काळजीपणामुळे त्याचा मृत्यू झाला म्हणून विनयच्या कुटुंबीयांनी रुग्णालयाविरुद्ध गुन्हा दाखल करण्याची इच्छा व्यक्त केली आहे.
  - अ. विनयच्या कुटुंबीयांवर ग्राहक संरक्षण कायदांतर्गत रुग्णालयाविरुद्ध गुन्हा दाखल करता येईल का? स्पष्ट करणे.
  - ब. रुग्णालयांवर ग्राहक संरक्षण कायदा लागू आहे हे स्पष्ट करा.
२. एका हिंदू पतीने आपल्या पत्नीला घटस्फोट दिला जो अशिक्षित आहे आणि तिच्या उदरनिर्वाहासाठी पूर्णपणे पतीवर अवलंबून होता.
  - अ. पत्नी पतीकडून भरणपोषणाचा दावा करू शकते का? स्पष्ट करणे.
  - ब. जर ती मुस्लीम पत्नी असती तर ती भरणपोषणाचा दावा करू शकते का? तिला देखभालीसाठी दावा करण्याची परवानगी देणारी तरतूद स्पष्ट करा.

QP: 10843

३. रमेशचा विवाह 2015 मध्ये राधाशी हिंदू संस्कारानुसार झाला होता. 2021 मध्ये तो राधाला घटस्फोट न देता मीराशी लग्न करतो.

अ. राधा रमेशवर काय कारवाई करू शकते?

ब. रमेशचा दुसरा विवाह वैध आहे का? संबंधित केस कायद्याचा हवाला देऊन कारण स्पष्ट करा.

4. एक रासायनिक कारखाना नियमांचे उल्लंघन करून त्याच्या चिमणीतून अशुद्ध वायू उत्सर्जित करत आहे. दुर्गंधीमुळे कारखान्याच्या आसपासचे रहिवासी त्रस्त आहेत. अनेक तक्रारी केल्या पण त्याचा काहीही परिणाम झाला नाही. श्री गुप्ता यांनी कारखाना मालकाच्या विरोधात उच्च न्यायालयात याचिका दाखल केली.

अ. या प्रकरणात कारखान्याच्या मालकाविरुद्ध कोणत्या प्रकारची याचिका कायम ठेवण्यायोग्य असेल? कारणे दाखवा.

ब. सार्वजनिक हित याचिकेवरील कोणताही एक महत्त्वाचा निर्णय स्पष्ट करा.

प्र.४. खालीलपैकी कोणत्याही दोनची उत्तरे द्या.

(२४ गुण)

१. समान नागरी संहितेवर एक निबंध लिहा आणि संबंधित निवाड्यांचा हवाला द्या.
२. 'सेवा' परिभाषित करा. सेवेचा करार आणि सेवेसाठी करार यातील फरक स्पष्ट करा.
३. वॉल्टर रोलॅंडच्या चाचणीची चर्चा करा.
४. केशवानंद भारती प्रकरणाच्या विशेष संदर्भात मूलभूत रचना सिद्धांतावर चर्चा करा.

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3/8/2023

Time: 2½ Hours

Total Marks: 75

- N.B**
1. All questions are compulsory.
  2. All figures to the right indicate marks.

- Q.1** Answer in one or two sentences (Any 6) **12**
- a What are legislative materials?
  - b What is defined under section 124-A of Indian penal code?
  - c Define legal right.
  - d Define public Interest litigation.
  - e Name any two International conventions.
  - f Name any four kinds of law.
  - g What is Statute? State any two examples.
  - h State any two rules of Interpretation of statute.

- Q.2** Write short notes (any two) **12**
- a Ratlam municipality case.
  - b Right to equality under art 14 of the Indian Constitution
  - c Trial of Bal Gangadhar Tilak
  - d Scope of social media in legal profession.

- Q.3** Attempt nay two. **12**
- a Metro project have been undertaken by municipal corporation in the city of Mumbai. For this purpose many trees were cut down & the municipal corporation has decided to cut almost 40-50 trees in the protected forest area.
    - i) Which writ can be filed in the above case to stop cutting of trees?
    - ii) State any similar case study.
  - b A Muslim women was divorced by her husband. She does not have any job as she is not much educated she is not in a position to handle her financial needs.
    - i) Can she claim maintenance under Muslim Marriage Act?
    - ii) Name the relevant case law.

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- c After the demise of famous political leader the party workers declared curfew all over the city some miscreants posted provocative statements on social media which led to civil disturbances.
- a) It their violation of any legal right?
  - b) Can a complaint be find in the above case?

- 4 A person named Mohan was illegally detained.
- a) What remedy Mohan has against this arrest?
  - b) Which fundamental right of Mohan has been violated?

Q.4 Attempt (any3)

39

- a Artificial intelligences; Boon or bane.
- b George Floyd case
- c What is law? & explain the various sources of law
- d Importance of moot courts in legal education.
- E Elaborate the concept of reservation to schedule caste and scheduled tribe as prescribed under Indian Constitution.
- f What is interpretation of statutes explain the various rules of interpretation of statutes.

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[Time: 3 Hours]

[Marks:100]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B: 1. All questions are compulsory.

1 Answer is not more than two sentences.

1. What are the four pillars of the Constitution as given in the Preamble?
2. What is fundamental right?
3. Write two cases on reservations for scheduled caste and scheduled tribes.
4. What is a defect?
5. Define a Writ.
6. Define Locus Standi.
7. What is literal rule of interpretation?
8. Who is an alibi?
9. What do you mean by the term Complaint under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986?
10. What is Bigamy?

(20)

Q.2 Write short notes on any four.

- a) Consumer Disputes Redressal forum
- b) P. V. Narsimha Rao v/s state AIR 1998 S.C.2120
- c) Difference between Common law and Equity Law
- d) Effects of Gouriet's case. 1978 A.C.435
- e) Trial of Bal Gangadhar Tilak.
- f) Attorney General v/s Independent Broadcasting Authority. 1975 Q.B.629

(20)

Q.3 Situation based questions. (Answer any two)

(12)

1. A muslim women was divorced by her husband. She does not have any job as she is not much educated. She cannot handle the financial burden after her divorce.
  - a) What are the provision for the protection of divorced Muslim women?
  - b) Give two Supreme Court judgments in reference to the above situation.



2. Ravi is married to Mangala. Ravi belongs to other backward class and Mangala is a Bramhin. Post marriage Mangala wants to get a government job. She claims under category Other Backward Class?
  - a) Does the law permit Mangala to claim as an OBC candidate? Give reasons.
  - b) Give two provisions of the Mandal commission case in relation to other backward classes.
3. A private company constructed a motel on a forest land on a lease granted to him by the state government. The lease was granted for commercial purposes to the private company. The natural flow of the river nearby was interfered with so that the water could be used in the motel.
  - a) Does the private company have any right to change the course of the river? Explain.
  - b) Write two Supreme Court Judgment on environmental issues.

**Q.4 Answer any four. (48)**

- a) Discuss the consumer movement in India with the help of Supreme Court Judgments.
- b) Write an essay on Uniform Civil Code with the help of cases.
- c) Discuss Reservation under the Indian constitution with reference to the reservation of seats for SC/ST.
- d) Discuss the Trail of Water Rowland.
- e) Discuss judicial activism of Supreme Court in reference to public interest litigation.
- f) Explain the concept of emergency with the help of A. D. M. Jabalpur v/s Shivkant Shukla's case

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वेळ : ३ तास

एकूण गुण :- १००

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

१. उत्तरे लिहा.

१. भारतीय राज्यघटनेच्या प्रस्तावना मध्ये राज्यघटनेचे चार प्रमुख स्तंभ लिहा.
२. मुलभूत अधिकार म्हणजे काय?
३. अनुसूचित जाती व अनुसूचित जमातींसाठी आरक्षण वर दोन महत्त्वाचे निर्णय (खटले) लिहा.
४. ग्राहक संरक्षण कायद्यांतर्गत 'त्रुटी' ची व्याख्या लिहा.
५. रिट चा अर्थ लिहा.
६. लोकस स्टँडी चा अर्थ लिहा.
७. अर्थ लावण्याचे शाब्दिक नियम लिहा.
८. 'अलीबी' म्हणजे काय?
९. ग्राहक संरक्षण कायदा अंतर्गत 'तक्रार' म्हणजे काय?
१०. द्वि पत्नीत्व (Bigamy) म्हणजे काय?

२. टीपा लिहा. (कोणतेही चार)

१. ग्राहक विवाद निवारण मंच
२. पी.व्ही. नरसिंहराव विरुद्ध स्टेट AIR १९९८ S.C. २१२०
३. कॉमन ला आणि इक्विटी मधील फरक लिहा.
४. गॉरीयट केस (१९७८) A.C. ४३५
५. बाल गंगाधर टिळक खटला
६. अंटार्नी जनरल वि. इंडिपेंडंट ब्रॉडकास्टिंग अथोरिटी (१९७५) Q.B. ६२९

Q.3 कोणतेही दोन सोडवा.

१. एका मुस्लीम महिलेला तिच्या नवऱ्यानी घटस्फोट दिला. ती महीला जास्त शिकलेली नसल्यामुळे नोकरी करित नव्हती. घटस्फोट दिल्यानंतर तिला आर्थिक अडचणींना सामोरे जावं लागत आहे.
  १. घटस्फोटीत मुस्लिम महिलांना संरक्षण देण्यासाठी कोणते कायदे व तरतुदी आहेत.
  २. वरील संदर्भात सर्वोच्च न्यायालयाने दिलेले दोन महत्त्वाचे निर्णय लिहा.
२. रवी व मंगला विवाहित जोडपे आहे. रवि हा ओ.बी.सी. वर्गात मोडतो आणि मंगला हि ब्राम्हीण आहे. लग्नानंतर मंगला ओ.बी.सी. वर्गांतर्गत सरकारी नोकरीसाठी अर्ज करते.
  १. कायदानुसार मंगला ओ.बी.सी. वर्गात अर्ज करू शकणार किंवा नाही? कारणे लिहा.
  २. मंडल कमिशन केस मध्ये दिलेले ओ.बी.सी. वर्गा संबंधी दोन तरतुदी लिहा.

३. राज्यशासनाने दिलेल्या परवानगी व जमीन बहाल केल्यामुळे एका खाजगी कंपनीने वन जमीन वर एक हॉटेल बांधण्याचे निर्णय घेतले. हि परवानगी या कंपनीला व्यापारीक फायदा कमावण्याच्या दृष्टीकोणातून देण्यात आले होते. या हॉटेलसाठी लागणारा पाणी जवळच वाहणाऱ्या नदी मधून वळवण्यात आला त्यामुळे नदीचे नैसर्गिक प्रवाहाला धोका निर्माण झाला.
१. खाजगी कंपनीला नदीचा प्रवाह बदलण्यास परवानगी आहे काय? कारणे द्या.
२. पर्यावरण जोपासण्यासाठी सर्वोच्च न्यायालयाने दिलेले दोन महत्त्वाचे निर्णय लिहा.

४. कोणतेही चार सोडवा.

१. ग्राहक चळवळ या विषयावर सर्वोच्च न्यायालयाने दिलेल्या महत्त्वाच्या केसेसच्या निकालांच्या मदतीने चर्चा करा.
२. समान नागरी कायदा या विषयावर महत्त्वाच्या केसेस च्या मदतीने निबंध लिहा.
३. अनुसूचित जाती व अनुसूचित जमाती यांच्या साठी नियोजित केलेले आरक्षण भारतीय राज्य घटनेच्या तरतुदी च्या मदतीने सविस्तर चर्चा करा.
४. वॉल्टर रोलँड चा खटला.
५. जनहित याचिका संदर्भात सर्वोच्च न्यायालयाने घेतलेली उत्स्फूर्त भूमिका वर चर्चा करा.
६. ए.डी.एम जबलपुर वि. शिवकांत शुक्ला या केस च्या मदतीने "आणिबाणी" या विषयावर चर्चा करा.

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